

INVITATION

INTERNATIONAL MOTHER TONGUE DAY 28 February 2012

BACKGROUND

The United Nation's (UN) International Mother Tongue (language) Day is annually celebrated on the 21st of February across the globe. This momentous commemoration resulted from, among others, the killing of four Bengali speaking students, in Bangladesh, as a result of their campaigning to use their

mother tongue (language) for official purposes. The tragic death of these students in the hands of the police was not in vain as it brought about a fundamental change in the spheres of national and official languages in Bangladesh. Currently, Bengali is by far the most widely spoken language, and thus enjoys an official status in that country. In a nutshell, International Mother Tongue Day celebrations have now become a tradition since the UNESCO proclamation in November 1999, in most patriotic countries. Activities such as acknowledging the importance of peoples' mother tongue while showing interest in learning and speaking other languages; and honouring those who have made outstanding contributions in linguistic diversity and multilingual education are all encouraged.

In honour of this day, and embracing the spirit of language development and multilingualism, the Language Unit under the auspices of the Fundani Centre for Higher Education Development cordially invites you to participate in the commemoration of the International Mother Tongue (Language) Day, themed:

Language Development and Multilingualism in Higher Education in the 21st century.

Date : 28 February 2012
Venue : CPUT, Bellville Main Campus, IT Centre
Time : 9:00 - 16:00
RSVP : Mrs Denise February, by 20 February 2012
Tel: 021 959 6042 or februaryd@cput.ac.za

UITNODIGING

INTERNASIONALE MOEDER TAAAL DAG 28 Februarie 2012

AGTERGROND

Die Verenigde Nasies (VN) se Internasionale Moedertaaldag word jaarliks op 21 Februarie regoor die wêreld gevier. Hierdie fundamentele viering spruit uit, onder andere, die dood van vier Bengaalsprekende studente, in Bangladesh, wat 'n gevolg was van hul veldtog om hul moedertaal as amptelike taal te mag gebruik. Die tragiese dood van hierdie studente aan die hand van die polisie was nie vergeefs nie,

aangesien dit gelei het tot 'n grondige verandering in die situasie van nasionale en amptelike tale in Bangladesh. Bengali is tans die taal wat verreweg die wydste gepraat word, en dus geniet dit amptelike status in daardie land. In 'n neutedop, Internasionale Moedertaaldag-vieringe het nou al sedert die UNESCO-proklamasie in November 1999 in die meeste patriotiese lande 'n tradisie geword. Aktiwiteite soos die aanmoediging van 'n kennis van mense se moedertale, 'n belangstelling in die aanleer en praat van ander tale, asook eerbetoning aan persone wat 'n buitengewone bydrae tot taaldiversiteit en veeltalige onderwys gelewer het, word aangemoedig.

Ter ere van hierdie dag en in omarming van die gees van taalontwikkeling en veeltaligheid, nooi die Taaleenheid, onder die beskerming van die Fundani Sentrum vir Hoër Onderwysontwikkeling, u hartlik uit om deel te neem aan die viering van Internasionale Moedertaaldag met die tema:

Taalontwikkeling en Veeltaligheid in Hoër Onderwys in die 21ste eeu/Language Development and Multilingualism in Higher Education in the 21st century.

Datum : 28 Februarie 2012
Plek : KSUT, Bellville Hoofkampus, IT-sentrum
Tyd : 9:00 - 16:00
RSVP : Me Denise February, voor 20 Februarie 2012
(021 9596042 of februaryd@cput.ac.za)

ISIMEMO

USUKU LOLWIMI LWENKOBÉ LUKAZWELONKE 28 Februwari 2012

INGABULA-ZIGCAWU

USuku loLwimi lweNkobe lukaZwelonke loMbutho weZizwe eziManyeneyo (UN) lubhiyozelwa minyaka le, ngomhla wama-21 Februwari kulo lonke ilizwe. Esi sikhumbuzo sibaluleke kangaka, intsusa yaso phakathi kwezinye izinto, kukubulawa kwabafundi abane, abantetho isisiBhengali, bebulawa eBhangeladshi kuba bekhankasela ukuba babenelungelo ngokusemthethweni lokusebenzisa ulwimi lwabo lwenkobe.

Ukubhubha ngokumasikizi kwaba bafundi, bebhuhela ezandleni zamapolisa, akuzange kubeyilahleko nakanye njengoko kweza nenguqu enefuthe elikhulu ngokuphathelele kwiilwimi zelizwe neelwimi ezisemthethweni kwelo laseBhangeladshi. Kungokunje, ulwimi lwesiBhengali lulolona lwimi luthethwa kwiindawo ezininzi zelo, into ethetha ukuba luxhamla ubuncwane bokubakwizinga lolwimi olusemthethweni, lwelezwe. Singashwankathela ngelithi, imibhiyozo yokubhiyozela uSuku loLwimi lweNkobe lukaZwelonke kungokunje seyisisithethe, ukususela oko olu suku lwamiselwa ngokusesikweni nguMbutho we-UNESCO ngoNovemba wonyaka ka-1999, oku kuphawuleka ngakumbi kumazwe anomoya wobuzwe. Iinkqubo ezifana nokukhuthaza abantu ukuba balwazi ulwimi lwabo ngeli xesha bebonisa umdla wokuzifunda nokuzithetha nezinye iilwimi, kwakhona, neenkqubo zokuwongwa kwabo bathe bagqwesa ngegalelo labo ekukhuthazeni intsebenziswano phakathi kwabo bantetho zahlukeneyo, nasekukhuthazeni imfundo equka ukusetyenziswa kweelwimi ezahlukeneyo, xa zizonke ezi nkqubo, ziyakhuthazwa.

Ukunika imbeko kolu suku nokuhlolipha iinzame nemiqweni yokuphuhlisa kolwimi nokusetyenziswa kweelwimi ezahlukeneyo, iCandelo lezeelwimi eliphantsi kweZiko elijongene nophuhliso lolwimi kumaZiko eMfundo aphezulu, eliyi-Fundani Centre for Higher Education Development liyakumema ukuba uthathe inxaxheba kumsitho wokukhunjulwa koSuku loLwimi lweNkobe lukaZwelonke olumxholo walo uthi:

Ukuphuhlisa kolwimi nokusetyenziswa kweelwimi ezahlukeneyo kumaZiko eMfundo aphezulu kwiNkulungwane yamashumi amabini ananye.

Umhla : 28 Februwari 2012
Indawo : CPUT, Bellville Main Campus, IT Centre
Ixesha : 9:00 - 16:00
Impendulo ithunyelwa ku: Nkosk. Denise February, ngomhla wama 20,
ku Februwari 2012
(021 9596042 or februaryd@cput.ac.za)